Creation of economic relations in the international scales allows increasing production efficiency, to provide high competitiveness and quality of products. A quotient – the state partnership promote the economic growth of the countries of EEU, increase in gross domestic product by creation of the new markets, to development of the economic relations. Proceeding from it, for the EEU countries during economic downturn it is advisable to look for new channels of growth of economy. One of such channels of economic development is the PPP.

Objective of this research is the analysis and a study of foreign and Russian experience of public-private partnership in conditions the modern economies and the main problems and perspectives of development of PPP in EEU. In the operation the relevance of a research, its theoretical and practical significance is justified, are defined a level of readiness of the researched problem in scientific literature, the purpose and research problems formulated, an object and an object of research are selected. In it the entity and features of national economy of the countries of EEU and also public-private partnership as one of pacing factors of development are considered. Besides, the concept, structure and the main forms of interaction of the state and private business defined. Also in operation it is probed the international experience of public-private partnership and a problem arising in the course of such interaction on the example of the USA. In addition, the Russian experience of implementation of PPP including the main problems of interaction is considered. Besides, in the main directions of development of PPP in Russia defined. The main theoretical and practical outputs and the recommendations created within this research given in the inference.
The situation, which developed in the external economic, and credit and financial spheres do necessary development of effective institutes of interaction of business and the power. It becomes one of important conditions of formation of optimum economic policy, development of public infrastructure and increase in innovative activity in the EEU countries.

The quotient-state partnership at the present stage of development of national economy of the countries of EEU is the most effective and universal mechanism of interaction. The value of institute of PPP permanently increases in EEU, creating more and more opportunities for development of different branches of economy. The structural disproportions, which developed in economy of the countries of EEU in territorial and branch development, do not allow using effectively existing market mechanisms of self-regulation of national economic system as bases of increase in investment attractiveness.

The situation, which developed in the external economic, and credit and financial spheres do necessary development of effective institutes of interaction of business and the power. It becomes one of important conditions of formation of optimum economic policy, development of public infrastructure and increase in innovative activity of regions.

This operation possesses a necessary level of originality, the research written with use sufficient the number of primary sources and research works. The structure of operation is logical and does not cause objections. According to the work content, it is necessary to mark the large volume of independently analyzed information. During operation, a row of practical and significant problems in the sphere of projects of PPP in economy of the countries of EEU revealed.

The main outputs in operation logically follow from the done analysis. The scientific novelty and the theoretical significance of results of a research consist in a dimple of the existing theoretic-methodological bases of system disclosure of an entity and a role of PPP with determination of the principles and detection of the current trends on projects implementation of PPP and formulation of recommendations about its enhancement.